

NEW JOB - YES, NEW COUNTRY - YES, NEW VISA – WAIT, NEW WHAT?

Immigration Law Sub-commission

National Report of Israel

General Reporter
Firuza Ahmed, KINGSLEY NAPLEY LLP
FAhmed@kingsleynapley.co.uk



Working Session Title: "New job - yes, new country - yes, new visa – wait, new what?" Or to put it another way, when an individual is moving to a different country for a new job, what their employer needs to consider from an immigration perspective – and don't forget the family!

- 1. Does your jurisdiction permit the direct sponsorship of workers by employers? Yes, the Israeli immigration system requires employer sponsorship (mandatory, but for Jewish entitlement or partner of Israeli national), Direct sponsorship is preferred although non- direct is acceptable (depending on the circumstances).
- 2. If yes, please briefly outline the options for a company to sponsor workers with timings. Sponsorship is mandatory but for the exceptions listed above. Options:

 A. 2 years working permit (processing time approx.. 3 months) B. 1 year working permit (processing time approx.. 3 months). C. 3 months working permit (processing time approx.. 3 months). D. 30 days working permit (processing time approx.. 10 days).
- 3. Is there any way to fast track such applications? If so, how quickly can this be done and is there a cost involved? There is no premium processing. The 30 days working permit is an expedited process.
- 4. Are family members allowed to accompany the migrant? Yes, but not work.
- 5. If yes, what applications must be made for any dependant family members? Visa application must be made after entry (for nationals who are part of the waiver program visas (US/Europe and other western countries). For other nationals, visa process followed by consular process at the relevant Israeli consulate must be completed prior entry into Israel.
- 6. Who are deemed to come within the description of "family members" in immigration law in your jurisdiction? Married partner and children up to 30 days.
- 7. What rights do family members have to employment, self employment or other activities in your jurisdiction? Employment is not allowed.
- 8. What of family members, eg children, who are over the age of 18? Are not allowed.
- 9. What of family members who will reach the age of 18 whilst the migrant is employed and sponsored in your jurisdiction? Normally will be able to remain until school graduation.